

SAMPLE TEST # 4

Solve the following exercises. **Show your work.**

Ex. 1. Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \ln(xy)\mathbf{i} + (x + \sin z)\mathbf{j} + (2y - 2z)\mathbf{k}$. Calculate $\operatorname{div} \mathbf{F}$ and $\operatorname{curl} \mathbf{F}$.

Ex. 2. Evaluate $\int_C xy \, ds$, where C is the parametric curve for which $x = 3t$, $y = t^4$, and $0 \leq t \leq 1$.

Ex. 3. Evaluate the integral, where C is the graph of $y = x^3$ from $(-1, -1)$ to $(1, 1)$.

$$\int_C y^2 \, dx + x \, dy =$$

Ex. 4. Determine if the following vector field is conservative. Find potential function for a field, if it is conservative.

(a) $\mathbf{F} = \left(x^3 + \frac{y}{x}\right)\mathbf{i} + (y^2 + \ln x)\mathbf{j}$

(b) $\mathbf{F} = (y \cos x + \ln y)\mathbf{i} + \left(\frac{x}{y} + e^y\right)\mathbf{j}$

Ex. 5. Evaluate the integral

$$\int_{(\pi/2, \pi/2)}^{(\pi, \pi)} (\sin y + y \cos x) \, dx + (\sin x + x \cos y) \, dy =$$

Ex. 6. Apply Green's theorem to evaluate the following integral, where the simple closed curve C is the boundary of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

$$\oint_C (\sin x - x^2y) \, dx + xy^2 \, dy =$$

Ex. 7. Find the area of the surface of the graph of $z = x^2 + y$ that lies above the triangle in the xy -plane with vertices at $(0, 0)$, $(1, 0)$, and $(1, 1)$.

Ex. 8. Evaluate

(a) $4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 5 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} - 3 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 11 \end{bmatrix} =$

(b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 7 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} =$

Ex. 9. Find the inverse matrix of

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$